

DIVISION KK—SMITHSONIAN MUSEUM SITES

SEC. 101. SMITHSONIAN MUSEUM SITES.

(a) COMMEMORATIVE WORKS ACT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation (including section 8908(c) of title 40, United States Code, and division T of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public law 116-260)) the Smithsonian American Women's History Museum and the National Museum of the American Latino may be located within the Reserve (as defined in section 8902(a) of title 40, United States Code).

(b) WRITTEN NOTIFICATION OF TRANSFER.—

(1) NOTIFICATION TO FEDERAL AGENCY OR ENTITY.—The Board of Regents shall not designate a site for the Smithsonian American Women's History Museum and the National Museum of the American Latino that is under the administrative jurisdiction of another Federal agency or entity without first notifying the head of the Federal agency or entity.

(2) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Once notified under paragraph (1), the head of the Federal agency or entity shall promptly submit written notification to the Chair and ranking minority members of the Committee on Rules and Administration, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, and the Committee on House Administration, the Committee on Natural Resources, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, stating that the Federal agency or entity was notified by the Board of Regents that a site under its jurisdiction was designated and that a transfer will be initiated as soon as practicable.

(c) TRANSFER.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, as soon as practicable after the date on which Congress receives the written notification described in subsection (b)(2), the head of the Federal agency or entity shall transfer to the Smithsonian Institution its administrative jurisdiction over the land or structure that has been designated as the site for the Museum.

SA 6617. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself, Mr. COTTON, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. KAINE, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. CORNYN, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, and Mr. WARNOCK) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6552 proposed by Mr. LEAHY to the bill H.R. 2617, to amend section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, to amend the description of how performance goals are achieved, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. —. IMPROVEMENTS TO THE JUSTICE FOR UNITED STATES VICTIMS OF STATE SPONSORED TERRORISM ACT.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Fairness for 9/11 Families Act".

(b) IN GENERAL.—Section 404 of the Justice for United States Victims of State Sponsored Terrorism Act (34 U.S.C. 20144) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(B), in the first sentence, by inserting "and during the 1-year period beginning on the date of enactment of the Fairness for 9/11 Families Act, the Special Master may utilize an additional 5 full-time equivalent Department of Justice personnel" before the period at the end; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting "Not later than 30 days after the date of enact-

ment of the Fairness for 9/11 Families Act, the Special Master shall update, as necessary as a result of the enactment of such Act, such procedures and other guidance previously issued by the Special Master." after the period at the end of the second sentence;

(2) in subsection (c)(3)(A), by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following:

"(ii) Not later than 90 days after the date of obtaining a final judgment, with regard to a final judgment obtained on or after the date of that publication, unless—

"(I) the final judgment was awarded to a 9/11 victim, 9/11 spouse, or 9/11 dependent before the date of enactment of the United States Victims of State Sponsored Terrorism Fund Clarification Act, in which case such United States person shall have 90 days from the date of enactment of such Act to submit an application for payment; or

"(II) the final judgment was awarded to a 1983 Beirut barracks bombing victim or a 1996 Khobar Towers bombing victim before the date of enactment of the Fairness for 9/11 Families Act, in which case such United States person shall have 180 days from the date of enactment of such Act to submit an application for payment.";

(3) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (3)(B), by adding at the end the following:

"(iii) For the purposes of clause (i), the calculation of the total compensatory damages received or entitled or scheduled to be received by an applicant who is a 1983 Beirut barracks bombing victim or a 1996 Khobar Towers bombing victim from any source other than the Fund shall include the total amount received by the applicant as a result of or in connection with the proceedings captioned *Peterson v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, No. 10 Vic. 4518 (S.D.N.Y.), or the proceedings captioned *In Re 650 Fifth Avenue & Related Properties*, No. 08 Civ. 10934 (S.D.N.Y. filed Dec. 17, 2008), such that any such applicant who has received or is entitled or scheduled to receive 30 percent or more of such applicant's compensatory damages judgment as a result of or in connection with such proceedings shall not receive any payment from the Fund, except in accordance with the requirements of clause (i), or as part of a lump-sum catch-up payment in accordance with paragraph (4)(D)."; and

(B) in paragraph (4)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "(B) and (C)" and inserting "(B), (C), and (D)";

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by adding at the end the following:

"(iv) AUTHORIZATION.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Special Master shall authorize lump sum catch-up payments in amounts equal to the amounts described in subclauses (I), (II), and (III) of clause (iii).

"(II) APPROPRIATIONS.—

"(aa) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated and there are appropriated to the Fund such sums as are necessary to carry out this clause, to remain available until expended.

"(bb) LIMITATION.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to item (aa) may not be used for a purpose other than to make lump sum catch-up payments under this clause."; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(D) LUMP SUM CATCH-UP PAYMENTS FOR 1983 BEIRUT BARRACKS BOMBING VICTIMS AND 1996 KHOBAR TOWERS BOMBING VICTIMS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Fairness for 9/11 Families Act, and in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (3)(A), the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an audit and publish in the Federal Register a notice of proposed lump sum catch-up payments to the 1983 Beirut barracks bombing victims and the 1996 Khobar Towers bombing victims who have

submitted applications in accordance with subsection (c)(3)(A)(ii)(II) on or after such date of enactment, in amounts that, after receiving the lump sum catch-up payments, would result in the percentage of the claims of such victims received from the Fund being equal to the percentage of the claims of non-9/11 victims of state sponsored terrorism received from the Fund, as of such date of enactment.

"(ii) PUBLIC COMMENT.—The Comptroller General shall provide an opportunity for public comment for a 30-day period beginning on the date on which the notice is published under clause (i).

"(iii) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the expiration of the comment period in clause (ii), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and the Special Master a report that includes the determination of the Comptroller General on—

"(I) the amount of the proposed lump sum catch-up payment for each 1983 Beirut barracks bombing victim;

"(II) the amount of the proposed lump sum catch-up payment for each 1996 Khobar Towers bombing victim; and

"(III) amount of lump sum catch-up payments described in subclauses (I) and (II).

"(iv) LUMP SUM CATCH-UP PAYMENT RESERVE FUND.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the Fund a lump sum catch-up payment reserve fund, to remain in reserve except in accordance with this subsection.

"(II) AUTHORIZATION.—Not earlier than 90 days after the date on which the Comptroller General submits the report required under clause (iii), and not later than 1 year after such date, the Special Master shall authorize lump sum catch-up payments from the reserve fund established under subclause (I) in amounts equal to the amounts described in subclauses (I) and (II) of clause (iii).

"(III) APPROPRIATIONS.—

"(aa) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated and there are appropriated to the lump sum catch-up payment reserve fund \$3,000,000,000 to carry out this clause, to remain available until expended.

"(bb) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subclause (IV), amounts appropriated pursuant to item (aa) may not be used for a purpose other than to make lump sum catch-up payments under this clause.

"(IV) EXPIRATION.—

"(aa) IN GENERAL.—The lump sum catch-up payment reserve fund established by this clause shall be terminated not later than 1 year after the Special Master disperses all lump sum catch-up payments pursuant to subclause (II).

"(bb) REMAINING AMOUNTS.—All amounts remaining in the lump sum catch-up payment reserve fund in excess of the amounts described in subclauses (I) and (II) of clause (iii) shall be deposited into the Fund under this section.";

(4) in subsection (e)(2)(B), by adding at the end the following:

"(v) EXCEPTION FOR 1983 BEIRUT BARRACKS BOMBING VICTIMS AND 1996 KHOBAR TOWERS BOMBING VICTIMS.—Nothing in this subparagraph shall apply with respect to—

"(I) a 1983 Beirut barracks bombing victim or a 1996 Khobar Towers bombing victim who submits an application under subsection (c)(3)(A)(ii)(II) on or after the date of enactment of the Fairness for 9/11 Families Act; or

"(II) the assets, or the net proceeds of the sale of properties or related assets, attributable to a person described in subclause (I)."; and

(5) in subsection (j), by adding at the end the following:

“(15) 1983 BEIRUT BARRACKS BOMBING VICTIM.—The term ‘1983 Beirut barracks bombing victim’—

“(A) means a plaintiff, or estate or successor in interest thereof, who has an eligible claim under subsection (c) that arises out of the October 23, 1983, bombing of the United States Marine Corps barracks in Beirut, Lebanon; and

“(B) includes a plaintiff, estate, or successor in interest described in subparagraph (A) who is a judgment creditor in the proceedings captioned *Peterson v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, No. 10 Vic. 4518 (S.D.N.Y.), or a Settling Judgment Creditor as identified in the order dated May 27, 2014, in the proceedings captioned *In Re 650 Fifth Avenue & Related Properties*, No. 08 Vic.10934 (S.D.N.Y. filed Dec. 17, 2008).”

“(16) 1996 KHOBAR TOWERS BOMBING VICTIM.—The term ‘1996 Khobar Towers bombing victim’—

“(A) means a plaintiff, or estate or successor in interest thereof, who has an eligible claim under subsection (c) that arises out of the June 25, 1996 bombing of the Khobar Tower housing complex in Saudi Arabia; and

“(B) includes a plaintiff, estate, or successor in interest described in subparagraph (A) who is a judgment creditor in the proceedings captioned *Peterson v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, No. 10 Vic. 4518 (S.D.N.Y.), or a Settling Judgment Creditor as identified in the order dated May 27, 2014, in the proceedings captioned *In Re 650 Fifth Avenue & Related Properties*, No. 08 Vic.10934 (S.D.N.Y. filed Dec. 17, 2008).”

(c) GAO REPORT ON FUNDING FOR THE UNITED STATES VICTIMS OF STATE SPONSORED TERRORISM FUND.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report evaluating ways to increase deposits into the United States Victims of State Sponsored Terrorism Fund established under paragraph (1) of section 404(e) of the Justice for United States Victims of State Sponsored Terrorism Act (34 U.S.C. 20144(e)) (in this subsection referred to as the “Fund”), including assessing the advisability and effect of—

(1) expanding the scope of the criminal offenses for which funds, and the net proceeds from the sale of property, forfeited or paid to the United States are deposited in the Fund under paragraph (2)(A)(i) of such section;

(2) expanding the scope of the civil penalties or fines for which funds, and the net proceeds from the sale of property, forfeited or paid to the United States are deposited in the Fund under paragraph (2)(A)(ii) of such section to include civil penalties or fines imposed, including as part of a settlement agreement, on an entity for providing material support to an organization designated as a foreign terrorist organization under section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189); and

(3) increasing to 100 percent the percentage of funds, and the net proceeds from the sale of property, forfeited or paid to the United States as a civil penalty or fine that are deposited in the Fund under paragraph (2)(A)(ii) of such section.

(d) RESCISSIONS.—

(1) BUSINESS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT.—Of the unobligated balances of amounts made available under the heading “Small Business Administration—Business Loans Program Account, CARES Act”, for carrying out paragraphs (36) and (37) of section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)), \$4,954,772,000 are hereby rescinded.

(2) SHUTTERED VENUE OPERATORS GRANT.—Of the unobligated balances of amounts made available under the heading “Small

Business Administration—Shuttered Venue Operators”, for carrying out section 324 of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (15 U.S.C. 9009a), \$459,000,000 are hereby rescinded.

(3) AVIATION MANUFACTURING PAYROLL SUPPORT PROGRAM.—Of the unobligated balances of amounts made available under section 7202 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (15 U.S.C. 9132), \$568,228,000 are hereby rescinded.

SA 6618. Mr. CARPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6552 proposed by Mr. LEAHY to the bill H.R. 2617, to amend section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, to amend the description of how performance goals are achieved, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In title IV of division O, strike section 403 (relating to numbering of segment).

SA 6619. Ms. BALDWIN (for Mr. HICKENLOOPER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 4814, to establish a demonstration program for the active remediation of orbital debris and to require the development of uniform orbital debris standard practices in order to support a safe and sustainable orbital environment, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Orbital Sustainability Act of 2022” or the “ORBITS Act of 2022”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The safety and sustainability of operations in low-Earth orbit and nearby orbits in outer space have become increasingly endangered by a growing amount of orbital debris.

(2) Exploration and scientific research missions and commercial space services of critical importance to the United States rely on continued and secure access to outer space.

(3) Efforts by nongovernmental space entities to apply lessons learned through standards and best practices will benefit from government support for implementation both domestically and internationally.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that to preserve the sustainability of operations in space, the United States Government should—

(1) to the extent practicable, develop and carry out programs, establish or update regulations, and commence initiatives to minimize orbital debris, including initiatives to demonstrate active debris remediation of orbital debris generated by the United States Government;

(2) lead international efforts to encourage other spacefaring countries to mitigate and remediate orbital debris under their jurisdiction and control; and

(3) encourage space system operators to continue implementing best practices for space safety when deploying satellites and constellations of satellites, such as transparent data sharing and designing for system reliability, so as to limit the generation of future orbital debris.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) ACTIVE DEBRIS REMEDIATION.—The term “active debris remediation”—

(A) means the deliberate process of facilitating the de-orbit, repurposing, or other dis-

posal of orbital debris, which may include moving orbital debris to a safe position, using an object or technique that is external or internal to the orbital debris; and

(B) does not include de-orbit, repurposing, or other disposal of orbital debris by passive means.

(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

(3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(4) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—The term “demonstration program” means the active orbital debris remediation demonstration program carried out under section 4(b).

(5) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term “eligible entity” means—

(A) a United States-based—

(i) non-Federal, commercial entity;

(ii) institution of higher education (as defined in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))); or

(iii) nonprofit organization;

(B) any other United States-based entity the Administrator considers appropriate; and

(C) a partnership of entities described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).

(6) ORBITAL DEBRIS.—The term “orbital debris” means any human-made space object orbiting Earth that—

(A) no longer serves an intended purpose; and

(B)(i) has reached the end of its mission; or
(ii) is incapable of safe maneuver or operation.

(7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Commerce.

(8) SPACE TRAFFIC COORDINATION.—The term “space traffic coordination” means the planning, coordination, and on-orbit synchronization of activities to enhance the safety and sustainability of operations in the space environment.

SEC. 4. ACTIVE DEBRIS REMEDIATION.

(a) PRIORITIZATION OF ORBITAL DEBRIS.—

(1) LIST.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary, the Secretary of Defense, the National Space Council, and representatives of the commercial space industry, academia, and nonprofit organizations, shall publish a list of identified orbital debris that pose the greatest immediate risk to the safety and sustainability of orbiting satellites and on-orbit activities.

(2) CONTENTS.—The list required under paragraph (1)—

(A) shall be developed using appropriate sources of data and information derived from governmental and nongovernmental sources, including space situational awareness data obtained by the Office of Space Commerce, to the extent practicable;

(B) shall include, to the extent practicable—

(i) a description of the approximate age, location in orbit, size, tumbling state, post-mission passivation actions taken, and national jurisdiction of each orbital debris identified; and

(ii) data required to inform decisions regarding potential risk and feasibility of safe remediation; and

(C) may include orbital debris that poses a significant risk to terrestrial people and assets, including risk resulting from potential